

Dated: May 26, 2021.
David Mussatt,
Supervisory Chief, Regional Programs Unit.
 [FR Doc. 2021-11484 Filed 5-28-21; 8:45 am]
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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
Economic Development Administration

**Notice of Petitions by Firms for
 Determination of Eligibility To Apply
 for Trade Adjustment Assistance**

AGENCY: Economic Development
 Administration, U.S. Department of
 Commerce.

ACTION: Notice and opportunity for
 public comment.

SUMMARY: The Economic Development
 Administration (EDA) has received

petitions for certification of eligibility to
 apply for Trade Adjustment Assistance
 from the firms listed below.
 Accordingly, EDA has initiated
 investigations to determine whether
 increased imports into the United States
 of articles like or directly competitive
 with those produced by each of the
 firms contributed importantly to the
 total or partial separation of the firms'
 workers, or threat thereof, and to a
 decrease in sales or production of each
 petitioning firm.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

LIST OF PETITIONS RECEIVED BY EDA FOR CERTIFICATION OF ELIGIBILITY TO APPLY FOR TRADE ADJUSTMENT
 ASSISTANCE
 [5/7/2021 through 5/20/2021]

Firm name	Firm address	Date accepted for investigation	Product(s)
Ramar-Hall, Inc	26 Old Indian Trail, Middlefield, CT 06455.	5/12/2021	The firm manufactures miscellaneous metal parts for aircraft.
Criterion Technology, Inc	101 McIntosh Parkway, Thomaston, GA 30286.	5/18/2021	The firm manufactures plastic covers and miscellaneous plastic parts and assemblies.
Edward Segal, Inc	360 Reynolds Bridge Road, Thomaston, CT 06787.	5/20/2021	The firm manufactures industrial machinery for setting eyelets, grommets, and rivets.

Any party having a substantial interest in these proceedings may request a public hearing on the matter. A written request for a hearing must be submitted to the Trade Adjustment Assistance Division, Room 71030, Economic Development Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, Washington, DC 20230, no later than ten (10) calendar days following publication of this notice. These petitions are received pursuant to section 251 of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended.

Please follow the requirements set forth in EDA's regulations at 13 CFR 315.8 for procedures to request a public hearing. The Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance official number and title for the program under which these petitions are submitted is 11.313, Trade Adjustment Assistance for Firms.

Bryan Borlik,
Director.
 [FR Doc. 2021-11438 Filed 5-28-21; 8:45 am]
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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
Bureau of Industry and Security
**In the Matter of: Behzad Pourghannad,
 NY11 AR Gandi, Tehran, Iran; Order
 Denying Export Privileges**

On November 13, 2019, in the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of New York, Behzad Pourghannad ("Pourghannad") was convicted of violating the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701, *et seq.*) ("IEEPA"). Specifically, Pourghannad was convicted of IEEPA by conspiring to unlawfully export carbon fiber from the United States to Iran without having first obtained the required U.S. Government authorization. Pourghannad was sentenced to 20 months in prison and a \$100 assessment.

Pursuant to Section 1760(e) of the Export Control Reform Act ("ECRA"),¹ the export privileges of any person who has been convicted of certain offenses, including, but not limited to, IEEPA, may be denied for a period of up to ten (10) years from the date of his/her conviction. 50 U.S.C. 4819(e) (Prior

Convictions). In addition, any Bureau of Industry and Security (BIS) licenses or other authorizations issued under ECRA, in which the person had an interest at the time of the conviction, may be revoked. *Id.*

BIS received notice of Pourghannad's conviction for violating IEEPA, and has provided notice and opportunity for Pourghannad to make a written submission to BIS, as provided in Section 766.25 of the Export Administration Regulations ("EAR" or the "Regulations"). 15 CFR 766.25.² BIS has not received a written submission from Pourghannad.

Based upon my review of the record and consultations with BIS's Office of Exporter Services, including its Director, and the facts available to BIS, I have decided to deny Pourghannad's export privileges under the Regulations for a period of 10 years from the date of Pourghannad's conviction. The Office of Exporter Services has also decided to revoke any BIS-issued licenses in which Pourghannad had an interest at the time of his conviction.³

Accordingly, it is hereby *ordered*:

² The Regulations are currently codified in the Code of Federal Regulations at 15 CFR parts 730-774 (2021).

³ The Director, Office of Export Enforcement, is now the authorizing official for issuance of denial orders, pursuant to recent amendments to the Regulations (85 FR 73411, November 18, 2020).

¹ ECRA was enacted as part of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019, and as amended is codified at 50 U.S.C. 4801-4852. Pourghannad's conviction post-dates ECRA's enactment on August 13, 2018.

First, from the date of this Order until November 13, 2029, Behzad Pourghannad, with a last known address prior to his conviction of NY11 AR Gandi, Tehran, Iran, and when acting for or on his behalf, his successors, assigns, employees, agents or representatives (“the Denied Person”), may not directly or indirectly participate in any way in any transaction involving any commodity, software or technology (hereinafter collectively referred to as “item”) exported or to be exported from the United States that is subject to the Regulations, including, but not limited to:

A. Applying for, obtaining, or using any license, license exception, or export control document;

B. Carrying on negotiations concerning, or ordering, buying, receiving, using, selling, delivering, storing, disposing of, forwarding, transporting, financing, or otherwise servicing in any way, any transaction involving any item exported or to be exported from the United States that is subject to the Regulations, or engaging in any other activity subject to the Regulations; or

C. Benefitting in any way from any transaction involving any item exported or to be exported from the United States that is subject to the Regulations, or from any other activity subject to the Regulations.

Second, no person may, directly or indirectly, do any of the following:

A. Export or reexport to or on behalf of the Denied Person any item subject to the Regulations;

B. Take any action that facilitates the acquisition or attempted acquisition by the Denied Person of the ownership, possession, or control of any item subject to the Regulations that has been or will be exported from the United States, including financing or other support activities related to a transaction whereby the Denied Person acquires or attempts to acquire such ownership, possession or control;

C. Take any action to acquire from or to facilitate the acquisition or attempted acquisition from the Denied Person of any item subject to the Regulations that has been exported from the United States;

D. Obtain from the Denied Person in the United States any item subject to the Regulations with knowledge or reason to know that the item will be, or is intended to be, exported from the United States; or

E. Engage in any transaction to service any item subject to the Regulations that has been or will be exported from the United States and which is owned,

possessed or controlled by the Denied Person, or service any item, of whatever origin, that is owned, possessed or controlled by the Denied Person if such service involves the use of any item subject to the Regulations that has been or will be exported from the United States. For purposes of this paragraph, servicing means installation, maintenance, repair, modification or testing.

Third, pursuant to Section 1760(e) of the Export Control Reform Act (50 U.S.C. 4819(e)) and Sections 766.23 and 766.25 of the Regulations, any other person, firm, corporation, or business organization related to Pourghannad by ownership, control, position of responsibility, affiliation, or other connection in the conduct of trade or business may also be made subject to the provisions of this Order in order to prevent evasion of this Order.

Fourth, in accordance with Part 756 of the Regulations, Pourghannad may file an appeal of this Order with the Under Secretary of Commerce for Industry and Security. The appeal must be filed within 45 days from the date of this Order and must comply with the provisions of Part 756 of the Regulations.

Fifth, a copy of this Order shall be delivered to Pourghannad and shall be published in the **Federal Register**.

Sixth, this Order is effective immediately and shall remain in effect until November 13, 2029.

John Sonderman,

Director, Office of Export Enforcement.

[FR Doc. 2021–11431 Filed 5–28–21; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration [C–580–879]

Certain Corrosion-Resistant Steel Products From the Republic of Korea: Final Results and Partial Rescission of Countervailing Duty Administrative Review; 2018

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: The Department of Commerce (Commerce) determines that countervailable subsidies are being provided to producers and exporters of certain corrosion-resistant steel products from the Republic of Korea. The period of review (POR) is January 1, 2018, through December 31, 2018. Commerce is also rescinding the review with respect to certain companies.

DATES: Applicable June 1, 2021.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Myrna Lobo or Jun Jack Zhao, AD/CVD Operations, Office VII, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–2371 or (202) 482–1396, respectively.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

Commerce published the *Preliminary Results* of this review on November 23, 2020.¹ In addition, Commerce issued a post-preliminary determination on the electricity for less than adequate remuneration allegation on April 26, 2021.² For a description of the events that occurred since the *Preliminary Results*, see the Issues and Decision Memorandum.³

On May 14, 2021, Commerce extended the deadline for the final results of this administrative review until May 24, 2021.⁴

Scope of the Order

The products covered by this order are certain corrosion-resistant steel products. For a complete description of the scope of this order, see the Issues and Decision Memorandum.

Analysis of Comments Received

All issues raised in interested parties’ case briefs are addressed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum accompanying this notice. A list of the issues raised by parties, and to which Commerce responded in the Issues and Decision Memorandum, is provided in Appendix I to this notice. The Issues and Decision Memorandum is a public document and is on file electronically via Enforcement and Compliance’s Antidumping and Countervailing Duty

¹ See *Certain Corrosion-Resistant Steel Products from the Republic of Korea: Preliminary Results of Countervailing Duty Administrative Review; 2018*, 85 FR 74692 (November 23, 2020) (*Preliminary Results*), and accompanying Preliminary Decision Memorandum.

² See Memorandum, “Countervailing Duty Administrative Review of Certain Corrosion-Resistant Steel Products from the Republic of Korea: Post-Preliminary Analysis Memorandum of Electricity for Less than Adequate Remuneration,” dated April 26, 2021.

³ See Memorandum, “Issues and Decision Memorandum for the Final Results of the 2018 Administrative Review of the Countervailing Duty Order on Certain Corrosion-Resistant Steel Products from the Republic of Korea,” (Issues and Decision Memorandum, or IDM), dated concurrently with, and hereby adopted by, this notice.

⁴ See Memorandum, “Certain Corrosion-Resistant Steel Products from the Republic of Korea: Extension of Deadline for Final Results of Countervailing Duty Administrative Review,” dated May 14, 2021.