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Verification and monitoring in the Islamic Republic of Iran in light of United Nations Security Council resolution 2231 (2015)

Report by the Director General

1. This report of the Director General to the Board of Governors and, in parallel, to the United Nations Security Council (Security Council), is on the Islamic Republic of Iran's (Iran's) implementation of its nuclear-related commitments under the Joint Comprehensive Plan of Action (JCPOA) on activities related to centrifuge component manufacturing transparency.¹ It provides an update on developments since the Director General's previous reports.²

Activities related to centrifuge component manufacturing transparency

2. As previously reported,³ on 4 April 2022, Iran informed the Agency that it had moved all of the machines for the production of centrifuge rotor tubes and bellows from the centrifuge component production workshop at the TESA Karaj complex (Karaj workshop) and placed them in a location at the Natanz site. On the same date, Agency inspectors verified that all of these machines remained under Agency seals in this location at the Natanz site and, therefore, were not operating.

3. On 9 April 2022, Iran requested the Agency to install surveillance cameras in order to monitor the machines at the aforementioned location at the Natanz site. On 12 April 2022, the Agency completed the installation of the surveillance cameras at this location and then removed the seals from the

¹ JCPOA, 'Annex I – Nuclear-related measures', Section R.

² GOV/2022/4, GOV/INF/2022/8 and GOV/INF/2022/10.

³ GOV/INF/2022/10, para. 3.

machines.⁴ On the same date, Iran informed the Agency that these machines would be used for the production of centrifuge rotor tubes and bellows. On 13 April 2022, Iran informed the Agency that the machines would start operating at the new workshop the same day.

⁴ It is the Agency's understanding that, as is the case for other locations where its surveillance and monitoring equipment is installed for activities in relation to the JCPOA, surveillance data from Agency cameras will continue to be stored and made available to the Agency if and when Iran resumes implementation of its nuclear-related commitments under the JCPOA.