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[Report No. 110-443]

To impose sanctions with respect to Iran, to provide for the divestment of assets in Iran by State and local governments and other entities, to identify locations of concern with respect to transshipment, reexportation, or diversion of certain sensitive items to Iran, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

August 1, 2008

Mr. Dodd, from the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs, reported the following original bill; which was read twice and placed on the calendar

A BILL

To impose sanctions with respect to Iran, to provide for the divestment of assets in Iran by State and local governments and other entities, to identify locations of concern with respect to transshipment, reexportation, or diversion of certain sensitive items to Iran, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

- 2 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
- 3 "Comprehensive Iran Sanctions, Accountability, and Di-
- 4 vestment Act of 2008".
- 5 (b) Table of Contents for
- 6 this Act is as follows:
 - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.

TITLE I—SANCTIONS

- Sec. 101. Definitions.
- Sec. 102. Clarification and expansion of definitions.
- Sec. 103. Economic sanctions relating to Iran.
- Sec. 104. Liability of parent companies for violations of sanctions by foreign subsidiaries.
- Sec. 105. Increased capacity for efforts to combat unlawful or terrorist financing.
- Sec. 106. Reporting requirements.
- Sec. 107. Sense of Congress regarding the imposition of sanctions on the Central Bank of Iran.

TITLE II—DIVESTMENT FROM CERTAIN COMPANIES THAT INVEST IN IRAN

- Sec. 201. Definitions.
- Sec. 202. Authority of State and local governments to divest from certain companies that invest in Iran.
- Sec. 203. Safe harbor for changes of investment policies by asset managers.
- Sec. 204. Sense of Congress regarding certain ERISA plan investments.

TITLE III—PREVENTION OF TRANSSHIPMENT, REEXPORTATION, OR DIVERSION OF SENSITIVE ITEMS TO IRAN

- Sec. 301. Definitions.
- Sec. 302. Identification of locations of concern with respect to transshipment, reexportation, or diversion of certain items to Iran.
- Sec. 303. Destinations of Possible Diversion Concern and Destinations of Diversion Concern.
- Sec. 304. Report on expanding diversion concern system to countries other than Iran.

TITLE IV—EFFECTIVE DATE; SUNSET

Sec. 401. Effective date; sunset.

7 TITLE I—SANCTIONS

- 8 SEC. 101. DEFINITIONS.
- 9 In this title:

1	(1) AGRICULTURAL COMMODITY.—The term
2	"agricultural commodity" has the meaning given
3	that term in section 102 of the Agricultural Trade
4	Act of 1978 (7 U.S.C. 5602).
5	(2) Appropriate congressional commit-
6	TEES.—The term "appropriate congressional com-
7	mittees" has the meaning given that term in section
8	14(2) of the Iran Sanctions Act of 1996 (Public
9	Law 104–172; 50 U.S.C. 1701 note).
10	(3) Executive agency.—The term "executive
11	agency" has the meaning given that term in section
12	4 of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act
13	(41 U.S.C. 403).
14	(4) Family member.—The term "family mem-
15	ber" means, with respect to an individual, the
16	spouse, children, grandchildren, or parents of the in-
17	dividual.
18	(5) Information and informational mate-
19	RIALS.—The term "information and informational
20	materials"—
21	(A) means information and informational
22	materials described in section 203(b)(3) of the
23	International Emergency Economic Powers Act
24	(50 U.S.C. 1702(b)(3)); and

1	(B) does not include information or infor-
2	mational materials—
3	(i) the exportation of which is other-
4	wise controlled—
5	(I) under section 5 of the Export
6	Administration Act of 1979 (50
7	U.S.C. App. 2404) (as in effect pur-
8	suant to the International Emergency
9	Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C.
10	1701 et seq.)); or
11	(II) under section 6 of that Act
12	(50 U.S.C. App. 2405), to the extent
13	that such controls promote the non-
14	proliferation or antiterrorism policies
15	of the United States; or
16	(ii) with respect to which acts are pro-
17	hibited by chapter 37 of title 18, United
18	States Code.
19	(6) Investment.—The term "investment" has
20	the meaning given that term in section 14(9) of the
21	Iran Sanctions Act of 1996 (Public Law 104–172;
22	50 U.S.C. 1701 note).
23	(7) Iranian diplomats and representa-
24	TIVES OF OTHER GOVERNMENT AND MILITARY OR
25	QUASI-GOVERNMENTAL INSTITUTIONS OF IRAN.—

1	The term "Iranian diplomats and representatives of
2	other government and military or quasi-govern-
3	mental institutions of Iran" has the meaning given
4	that term in section 14(11) of the Iran Sanctions
5	Act of 1996 (Public Law 104–172; 50 U.S.C. 1701
6	note).
7	(8) Medical device.—The term "medical de-
8	vice" has the meaning given the term "device" in
9	section 201 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cos-
10	metic Act (21 U.S.C. 321).
11	(9) Medicine.—The term "medicine" has the
12	meaning given the term "drug" in section 201 of the
13	Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C
14	321).
15	SEC. 102. CLARIFICATION AND EXPANSION OF DEFINI
15 16	SEC. 102. CLARIFICATION AND EXPANSION OF DEFINITIONS.
16	TIONS.
16 17	TIONS. (a) Person.—Section 14(13)(B) of the Iran Sanc-
16 17 18	tions. (a) Person.—Section 14(13)(B) of the Iran Sanctions Act of 1996 (Public Law 104–172; 50 U.S.C. 1701)
16 17 18 19	tions. (a) Person.—Section 14(13)(B) of the Iran Sanctions Act of 1996 (Public Law 104–172; 50 U.S.C. 1701 note) is amended—
16 17 18 19 20	tions. (a) Person.—Section 14(13)(B) of the Iran Sanctions Act of 1996 (Public Law 104–172; 50 U.S.C. 1701 note) is amended— (1) by inserting "financial institution, insurer
16 17 18 19 20 21	tions Act of 1996 (Public Law 104–172; 50 U.S.C. 1701 note) is amended— (1) by inserting "financial institution, insurer underwriter, guarantor, and any other business or
16171819202122	tions Act of 1996 (Public Law 104–172; 50 U.S.C. 1701 note) is amended— (1) by inserting "financial institution, insurer underwriter, guarantor, and any other business organization, including any foreign subsidiary, parent

1	(b) Petroleum Resources.—Section 14(14) of the
2	Iran Sanctions Act of 1996 (Public Law 104–172; 50
3	U.S.C. 1701 note) is amended by striking "petroleum and
4	natural gas resources" and inserting "petroleum, petro-
5	leum by-products, oil or liquefied natural gas, oil or lique-
6	fied natural gas tankers, and products used to construct
7	or maintain pipelines used to transport oil or liquefied nat-
8	ural gas".
9	SEC. 103. ECONOMIC SANCTIONS RELATING TO IRAN.
10	(a) In General.—Notwithstanding any other provi-
11	sion of law, and in addition to any other sanction in effect,
12	beginning on the date that is 15 days after the effective
13	date of this Act, the economic sanctions described in sub-
14	section (b) shall apply with respect to Iran.
15	(b) Sanctions.—The sanctions described in this
16	subsection are the following:
17	(1) Prohibition on imports.—
18	(A) In general.—Except as provided in
19	subparagraph (B), no article that is the growth,
20	product, or manufacture of Iran may be im-
21	ported directly or indirectly into the United
22	States.
23	(B) Exception.—The prohibition in sub-
24	paragraph (A) does not apply to imports from

1	Iran of information and informational mate-
2	rials.
3	(2) Prohibition on exports.—
4	(A) In general.—Except as provided in
5	subparagraph (B), no article that is the growth,
6	product, or manufacture of the United States
7	may be exported directly or indirectly to Iran.
8	(B) Exceptions.—The prohibition in sub-
9	paragraph (A) does not apply to exports to Iran
10	of—
11	(i) agricultural commodities, food,
12	medicine, or medical devices;
13	(ii) articles exported to Iran to pro-
14	vide humanitarian assistance to the people
15	of Iran;
16	(iii) information or informational ma-
17	terials; or
18	(iv) goods, services, or technologies
19	necessary to ensure the safe operation of
20	commercial passenger aircraft produced in
21	the United States if the exportation of
22	such goods, services, or technologies is ap-
23	proved by the Secretary of the Treasury, in
24	consultation with the Secretary of Com-
25	merce, pursuant to regulations for licens-

ing the exportation of such goods, services,
 or technologies, if appropriate.

(3) Freezing assets.—

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(A) IN GENERAL.—At such time as the United States has access to the names of persons in Iran, including Iranian diplomats and representatives of other government and military or quasi-governmental institutions of Iran, that are determined to be subject to sanctions imposed under the authority of the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.) or any other provision of law relating to the imposition of sanctions with respect to Iran, the President shall take such action as may be necessary to freeze immediately the funds and other assets belonging to anyone so named and any family members or associates of those so named to whom assets or property of those so named were transferred on or after January 1, 2008. The action described in the preceding sentence includes requiring any United States financial institution that holds funds and assets of a person so named to report promptly to the Office of Foreign Assets

1	Control information regarding such funds and
2	assets.
3	(B) Asset reporting requirement.—
4	Not later than 14 days after a decision is made
5	to freeze the property or assets of any person
6	under this paragraph, the President shall report
7	the name of such person to the appropriate con-
8	gressional committees.
9	(4) United states government con-
10	TRACTS.—The head of an executive agency may not
11	procure, or enter into a contract for the procurement
12	of, any goods or services from a person that meets
13	the criteria for the imposition of sanctions under
14	section 5(a) of the Iran Sanctions Act of 1996 (Pub-
15	lic Law 104–172; 50 U.S.C. 1701 note).
16	(c) Waiver.—The President may waive the applica-
17	tion of the sanctions described in subsection (b) if the
18	President—

- (1) determines that such a waiver is in the national interest of the United States; and
- 21 (2) submits to the appropriate congressional 22 committees a report describing the reasons for the 23 determination.

1	SEC. 104. LIABILITY OF PARENT COMPANIES FOR VIOLA
2	TIONS OF SANCTIONS BY FOREIGN SUBSIDI-
3	ARIES.
4	(a) Definitions.—In this section:
5	(1) Entity.—The term "entity" means a part-
6	nership, association, trust, joint venture, corpora-
7	tion, or other organization.
8	(2) Own or control.—The term "own or con-
9	trol" means, with respect to an entity—
10	(A) to hold more than 50 percent of the
11	equity interest by vote or value in the entity;
12	(B) to hold a majority of seats on the
13	board of directors of the entity; or
14	(C) to otherwise control the actions, poli-
15	cies, or personnel decisions of the entity.
16	(3) Subsidiary.—The term "subsidiary"
17	means an entity that is owned or controlled, directly
18	or indirectly, by a United States person.
19	(4) United states person.—The term
20	"United States person" means—
21	(A) a natural person who is a citizen, resi-
22	dent, or national of the United States; and
23	(B) an entity that is organized under the
24	laws of the United States, any State or terri-
25	tory thereof, or the District of Columbia, if nat-

1	ural persons described in subparagraph (A) own
2	or control the entity.
3	(b) In General.—A United States person shall be
4	subject to a penalty for a violation of the provisions of
5	Executive Order 12959 (50 U.S.C. 1701 note) or Execu-
6	tive Order 13059 (50 U.S.C. 1701 note), or any other pro-
7	hibition on transactions with respect to Iran imposed
8	under the authority of the International Emergency Eco-
9	nomic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.), if—
10	(1) the President determines that the United
11	States person establishes or maintains a subsidiary
12	outside of the United States for the purpose of cir-
13	cumventing such provisions; and
14	(2) that subsidiary engages in an act that, if
15	committed in the United States or by a United
16	States person, would violate such provisions.
17	(c) Waiver.—The President may waive the applica-
18	tion of subsection (b) if the President—
19	(1) determines that such a waiver is in the na-
20	tional interest of the United States; and
21	(2) submits to the appropriate congressional
22	committees a report describing the reasons for the
23	determination.
24	(d) Effective Date.—

1	(1) In general.—Subsection (b) shall take ef-
2	fect on the date of the enactment of this Act and
3	apply with respect to acts described in subsection
4	(b)(2) that are—
5	(A) commenced on or after the date of the
6	enactment of this Act; or
7	(B) except as provided in paragraph (2),
8	commenced before such date of enactment, if
9	such acts continue on or after such date of en-
10	actment.
11	(2) Exception.—Subsection (b) shall not
12	apply with respect to an act described in paragraph
13	(1)(B) by a subsidiary owned or controlled by a
14	United States person if the United States person di-
15	vests or terminates its business with the subsidiary
16	not later than 90 days after such date of enactment.
17	SEC. 105. INCREASED CAPACITY FOR EFFORTS TO COMBAT
18	UNLAWFUL OR TERRORIST FINANCING.
19	(a) FINDING.—Congress finds that the work of the
20	Office of Terrorism and Financial Intelligence of the De-
21	partment of the Treasury, which includes the Office of
22	Foreign Assets Control and the Financial Crimes Enforce-
23	ment Network, is critical to ensuring that the inter-
24	national financial system is not used for purposes of sup-

1	porting terrorism and developing weapons of mass de-
2	struction.
3	(b) Authorization of Appropriations for Of-
4	FICE OF TERRORISM AND FINANCIAL INTELLIGENCE.—
5	There is authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary
6	of the Treasury for the Office of Terrorism and Financial
7	Intelligence—
8	(1) \$61,712,000 for fiscal year 2009; and
9	(2) such sums as may be necessary for each of
10	the fiscal years 2010 and 2011.
11	(c) Authorization of Appropriations for the
12	FINANCIAL CRIMES ENFORCEMENT NETWORK.—Section
13	310(d)(1) of title 31, United States Code, is amended by
14	striking "such sums as may be necessary for fiscal years
15	2002, 2003, 2004, and 2005" and inserting "\$91,335,000
16	for fiscal year 2009 and such sums as may be necessary
17	for each of the fiscal years 2010 and 2011".
18	SEC. 106. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.
19	(a) Foreign Investment in Iran.—
20	(1) In general.—Not later than 180 days
21	after the date of the enactment of this Act, the
22	President shall submit to the appropriate congres-
23	sional committees a report on—
24	(A) any foreign investments of
25	\$20,000,000 or more made in Iran's energy

1 sector on or after January 1, 2008, and before 2 the date on which the President submits the re-3 port; and (B) the determination of the President on whether each such investment qualifies as a 6 sanctionable offense under section 5(a) of the 7 Iran Sanctions Act of 1996 (Public Law 104– 8 172; 50 U.S.C. 1701 note). 9 (2) Subsequent reports.—Not later than 1 10 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, and 11 every 180 days thereafter, the President shall sub-12 mit to the appropriate congressional committees a 13 report on— 14 (A) foreign investments of any 15 \$20,000,000 or more made in Iran's energy 16 sector during the 180-day period preceding the 17 submission of the report; and 18 (B) the determination of the President on 19 whether each such investment qualifies as a 20 sanctionable offense under section 5(a) of the 21 Iran Sanctions Act of 1996 (Public Law 104– 22 172; 50 U.S.C. 1701 note). 23 (b) FORM OF REPORTS.—The reports required under subsection (a) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may contain a classified annex.

1	SEC. 107. SENSE OF CONGRESS REGARDING THE IMPOSI-
2	TION OF SANCTIONS ON THE CENTRAL BANK
3	OF IRAN.
4	Congress urges the President, in the strongest terms,
5	to consider immediately using the authority of the Presi-
6	dent to impose sanctions on the Central Bank of Iran and
7	any other Iranian bank engaged in proliferation activities
8	or support of terrorist groups.
9	TITLE II—DIVESTMENT FROM
10	CERTAIN COMPANIES THAT
11	INVEST IN IRAN
12	SEC. 201. DEFINITIONS.
13	In this title:
14	(1) Energy sector.—The term "energy sec-
15	tor" refers to activities to develop petroleum or nat-
16	ural gas resources or nuclear power.
17	(2) FINANCIAL INSTITUTION.—The term "fi-
18	nancial institution" has the meaning given that term
19	in section 14(5) of the Iran Sanctions Act of 1996
20	(Public Law 104–172; 50 U.S.C. 1701 note).
21	(3) Iran.—The term "Iran" includes any agen-
22	cy or instrumentality of Iran.
23	(4) Person.—The term "person" means—
24	(A) a natural person, corporation, com-
25	pany, business association, partnership, society,

1	trust, or any other nongovernmental entity, or-
2	ganization, or group;
3	(B) any governmental entity or instrumen-
4	tality of a government, including a multilateral
5	development institution (as defined in section
6	1701(c)(3) of the International Financial Insti-
7	tutions Act (22 U.S.C. 262r(c)(3))); and
8	(C) any successor, subunit, parent com-
9	pany, or subsidiary of any entity described in
10	subparagraph (A) or (B).
11	(5) STATE.—The term "State" means each of
12	the several States, the District of Columbia, the
13	Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the United States
14	Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, and the
15	Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands.
16	(6) State or local government.—The term
17	"State or local government" includes—
18	(A) any State and any agency or instru-
19	mentality thereof;
20	(B) any local government within a State,
21	and any agency or instrumentality thereof;
22	(C) any other governmental instrumen-
23	tality; and

1	(D) any public institution of higher edu-
2	cation within the meaning of the Higher Edu-
3	cation Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001 et seq.).
4	SEC. 202. AUTHORITY OF STATE AND LOCAL GOVERN-
5	MENTS TO DIVEST FROM CERTAIN COMPA-
6	NIES THAT INVEST IN IRAN.
7	(a) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Con-
8	gress that the United States Government should support
9	the decision of any State or local government to divest
10	from, or to prohibit the investment of assets of the State
11	or local government in, a person that the State or local
12	government determines poses a financial or reputational
13	risk.
14	(b) Authority To Divest.—Notwithstanding any
15	other provision of law, a State or local government may
16	adopt and enforce measures that meet the requirements
17	of subsection (d) to divest the assets of the State or local
18	government from, or prohibit investment of the assets of
19	the State or local government in, any person that the
20	State or local government determines, using credible infor-
21	mation available to the public, engages in investment ac-
22	tivities in Iran described in subsection (c).
23	(c) Investment Activities Described.—A person
24	engages in investment activities in Iran described in this
25	subsection if the person—

1	(1) has an investment of \$20,000,000 or
2	more—
3	(A) in the energy sector of Iran; or
4	(B) in a person that provides oil or
5	liquified natural gas tankers, or products used
6	to construct or maintain pipelines used to
7	transport oil or liquified natural gas, for the en-
8	ergy sector in Iran; or
9	(2) is a financial institution that extends
10	\$20,000,000 or more in credit to another person, for
11	45 days or more, if that person will use the credit
12	to invest in the energy sector in Iran.
13	(d) REQUIREMENTS.—Any measure taken by a State
14	or local government under subsection (b) shall meet the
15	following requirements:
16	(1) Notice.—The State or local government
17	shall provide written notice to each person to which
18	a measure is to be applied.
19	(2) Timing.—The measure shall apply to a per-
20	son not earlier than the date that is 90 days after
21	the date on which written notice is provided to the
22	person under paragraph (1).
23	(3) Opportunity for hearing.—The State
24	or local government shall provide an opportunity to
25	comment in writing to each person to which a meas-

- 1 ure is to be applied. If the person demonstrates to
- 2 the State or local government that the person does
- 3 not engage in investment activities in Iran described
- 4 in subsection (c), the measure shall not apply to the
- 5 person.
- 6 (4) Sense of congress on avoiding erro-
- 7 NEOUS TARGETING.—It is the sense of Congress
- 8 that a State or local government should not adopt
- 9 a measure under subsection (b) with respect to a
- person unless the State or local government has
- made every effort to avoid erroneously targeting the
- person and has verified that the person engages in
- investment activities in Iran described in subsection
- 14 (c).
- 15 (e) Notice to Department of Justice.—Not
- 16 later than 30 days after adopting a measure pursuant to
- 17 subsection (b), a State or local government shall submit
- 18 written notice to the Attorney General describing the
- 19 measure.
- 20 (f) Nonpreemption.—A measure of a State or local
- 21 government authorized under subsection (b) is not pre-
- 22 empted by any Federal law or regulation.
- 23 (g) Definitions.—In this section:

1	(1) Investment.—The "investment" of assets,
2	with respect to a State or local government, in-
3	cludes—
4	(A) a commitment or contribution of as-
5	sets;
6	(B) a loan or other extension of credit; and
7	(C) the entry into or renewal of a contract
8	for goods or services.
9	(2) Assets.—
10	(A) In general.—Except as provided in
11	subparagraph (B), the term "assets" refers to
12	public monies and includes any pension, retire-
13	ment, annuity, or endowment fund, or similar
14	instrument, that is controlled by a State or
15	local government.
16	(B) Exception.—The term "assets" does
17	not include employee benefit plans covered by
18	title I of the Employee Retirement Income Se-
19	curity Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C. 1001 et seq.).
20	(h) Effective Date.—
21	(1) In general.—Except as provided in para-
22	graph (2), this section applies to measures adopted
23	by a State or local government before, on, or after
24	the date of the execution of this Act

1	(2) Notice requirements.—Subsections (d)
2	and (e) apply to measures adopted by a State or
3	local government on or after the date of the enact-
4	ment of this Act.
5	SEC. 203. SAFE HARBOR FOR CHANGES OF INVESTMENT
6	POLICIES BY ASSET MANAGERS.
7	(a) In General.—Section 13(c)(1) of the Invest-
8	ment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a–13(c)(1)) is
9	amended to read as follows:
10	"(1) In General.—Notwithstanding any other
11	provision of Federal or State law, no person may
12	bring any civil, criminal, or administrative action
13	against any registered investment company, or any
14	employee, officer, director, or investment adviser
15	thereof, based solely upon the investment company
16	divesting from, or avoiding investing in, securities
17	issued by persons that the investment company de-
18	termines, using credible information available to the
19	public—
20	"(A) conduct or have direct investments in
21	business operations in Sudan described in sec-
22	tion 3(d) of the Sudan Accountability and Di-
23	vestment Act of 2007 (50 U.S.C. 1701 note); or
24	"(B) engage in investment activities in
25	Iran described in section $202(c)$ of the Com-

- 1 prehensive Iran Sanctions, Accountability, and
- 2 Divestment Act of 2008.".
- 3 (b) SEC REGULATIONS.—Not later than 120 days
- 4 after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Securities
- 5 and Exchange Commission shall issue any revisions the
- 6 Commission determines to be necessary to the regulations
- 7 requiring disclosure by each registered investment com-
- 8 pany that divests itself of securities in accordance with
- 9 section 13(c) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 to
- 10 include divestments of securities in accordance with para-
- 11 graph (1)(B) of such section, as added by subsection (a).
- 12 SEC. 204. SENSE OF CONGRESS REGARDING CERTAIN
- 13 ERISA PLAN INVESTMENTS.
- 14 It is the sense of Congress that a fiduciary of an em-
- 15 ployee benefit plan, as defined in section 3(3) of the Em-
- 16 ployee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (29
- 17 U.S.C. 1002(3)), may divest plan assets from, or avoid
- 18 investing plan assets in, any person the fiduciary deter-
- 19 mines engages in investment activities in Iran described
- 20 in section 202(c) of this Act, without breaching the re-
- 21 sponsibilities, obligations, or duties imposed upon the fidu-
- 22 ciary by section 404 of the Employee Retirement Income
- 23 Security Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C. 1104), if—

1	(1) the fiduciary makes such determination
2	using credible information that is available to the
3	publie; and
4	(2) such divestment or avoidance of investment
5	is conducted in accordance with section 2509.94–1
6	of title 29, Code of Federal Regulations (as in effect
7	on the day before the date of the enactment of this
8	Act).
9	TITLE III—PREVENTION OF
10	TRANSSHIPMENT, REEXPOR-
11	TATION, OR DIVERSION OF
12	SENSITIVE ITEMS TO IRAN
13	SEC. 301. DEFINITIONS.
14	In this title:
15	(1) Appropriate congressional commit-
16	TEES.—The term "appropriate congressional com-
17	mittees" means—
18	(A) the Committee on Banking, Housing,
19	and Urban Affairs, the Committee on Foreign
20	Relations, and the Select Committee on Intel-
21	ligence of the Senate; and
22	(B) the Committee on Financial Services,
23	the Committee on Foreign Affairs, and the Per-
24	manent Select Committee on Intelligence of the
25	House of Representatives.

1	(2) End-user.—The term "end-user" means
2	an end-user as that term is used in the Export Ad-
3	ministration Regulations.
4	(3) Entity owned or controlled by the
5	GOVERNMENT OF IRAN.—The term "entity owned or
6	controlled by the Government of Iran" includes—
7	(A) any corporation, partnership, associa-
8	tion, or other entity in which the Government
9	of Iran owns a majority or controlling interest;
10	and
11	(B) any entity that is otherwise controlled
12	by the Government of Iran.
13	(4) Export administration regulations.—
14	The term "Export Administration Regulations"
15	means subchapter C of chapter VII of title 15, Code
16	of Federal Regulations.
17	(5) GOVERNMENT.—The term "government"
18	includes any agency or instrumentality of a govern-
19	ment.
20	(6) IRAN.—The term "Iran" includes any agen-
21	cy or instrumentality of Iran.
22	(7) STATE SPONSOR OF TERRORISM.—The term
23	"state sponsor of terrorism" means any country the
24	government of which the Secretary of State has de-

1	termined has repeatedly provided support for acts of
2	international terrorism pursuant to—
3	(A) section $6(j)(1)(A)$ of the Export Ad-
4	ministration Act of 1979 (50 U.S.C. App.
5	2405(j)(1)(A)) (or any successor thereto);
6	(B) section 40(d) of the Arms Export Con-
7	trol Act (22 U.S.C. 2780(d)); or
8	(C) section 620A(a) of the Foreign Assist-
9	ance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2371(a)).
10	(8) Transshipment, reexportation, or di-
11	VERSION.—The term "transshipment, reexportation,
12	or diversion" means the exportation, directly or indi-
13	rectly, of items that originated in the United States
14	to an end-user whose identity cannot be verified or
15	to an entity owned or controlled by the Government
16	of Iran in violation of the laws or regulations of the
17	United States by any means, including by—
18	(A) shipping such items through 1 or more
19	foreign countries; or
20	(B) by using false information regarding
21	the country of origin of such items.

1	SEC. 302. IDENTIFICATION OF LOCATIONS OF CONCERN
2	WITH RESPECT TO TRANSSHIPMENT, RE-
3	EXPORTATION, OR DIVERSION OF CERTAIN
4	ITEMS TO IRAN.
5	Not later than 180 days after the date of the enact-
6	ment of this Act, and annually thereafter, the Director
7	of National Intelligence shall submit to the Secretary of
8	Commerce, the Secretary of State, the Secretary of the
9	Treasury, and the appropriate congressional committees
10	a report that identifies all countries that the Director de-
11	termines are of concern with respect to transshipment, re-
12	exportation, or diversion of items subject to the provisions
13	of the Export Administration Regulations to an entity
14	owned or controlled by the Government of Iran.
15	SEC. 303. DESTINATIONS OF POSSIBLE DIVERSION CON-
16	CERN AND DESTINATIONS OF DIVERSION
17	CONCERN.
18	(a) Destinations of Possible Diversion Con-
19	CERN.—
20	(1) Designation.—The Secretary of Com-
21	merce shall designate a country as a Destination of
22	Possible Diversion Concern if the Secretary, in con-
23	sultation with the Secretary of State and the Sec-
24	retary of the Treasury, determines that such des-
25	ignation is appropriate to carry out activities to

1	strengthen the export control systems of that coun-
2	try based on criteria that include—
3	(A) the volume of items that originated in
4	the United States that are transported through
5	the country to end-users whose identities cannot
6	be verified;
7	(B) the inadequacy of the export and reex-
8	port controls of the country;
9	(C) the unwillingness or demonstrated in-
10	ability of the government of the country to con-
11	trol diversion activities; and
12	(D) the unwillingness or inability of the
13	government of the country to cooperate with the
14	United States in interdiction efforts.
15	(2) Strengthening export control sys-
16	TEMS OF DESTINATIONS OF POSSIBLE DIVERSION
17	CONCERN.—If the Secretary of Commerce designates
18	a country as a Destination of Possible Diversion
19	Concern under paragraph (1), the United States
20	shall initiate government-to-government activities de-
21	scribed in paragraph (3) to strengthen the export
22	control systems of the country.
23	(3) Government-to-government activities
24	DESCRIBED.—The government-to-government activi-
25	ties described in this paragraph include—

1	(A) cooperation by agencies and depart-
2	ments of the United States with counterpart
3	agencies and departments in a country des-
4	ignated as a Destination of Possible Diversion
5	Concern under paragraph (1) to—
6	(i) develop or strengthen export con-
7	trol systems in the country;
8	(ii) strengthen cooperation and facili-
9	tate enforcement of export control systems
10	in the country; and
11	(iii) promote information and data ex-
12	changes among agencies of the country
13	and with the United States; and
14	(B) efforts by the Office of International
15	Programs of the Department of Commerce to
16	strengthen the export control systems of the
17	country to—
18	(i) facilitate legitimate trade in high-
19	technology goods; and
20	(ii) prevent terrorists and state spon-
21	sors of terrorism, including Iran, from ob-
22	taining nuclear, biological, and chemical
23	weapons, defense technologies, components
24	for improvised explosive devices, and other
25	defense items.

1	(b) Destinations of Diversion Concern.—
2	(1) Designation.—The Secretary of Com-
3	merce shall designate a country as a Destination of
4	Diversion Concern if the Secretary, in consultation
5	with the Secretary of State and the Secretary of the
6	Treasury, determines—
7	(A) that the government of the country is
8	directly involved in transshipment, reexpor-
9	tation, or diversion of items that originated in
10	the United States to end-users whose identities
11	cannot be verified or to entities owned or con-
12	trolled by the Government of Iran; or
13	(B) 12 months after the Secretary of Com-
14	merce designates the country as a Destination
15	of Possible Diversion Concern under subsection
16	(a)(1), that the country has failed—
17	(i) to cooperate with the government-
18	to-government activities initiated by the
19	United States under subsection (a)(2); or
20	(ii) based on the criteria described in
21	subsection (a)(1), to adequately strengthen
22	the export control systems of the country.
23	(2) Licensing controls with respect to
24	DESTINATIONS OF DIVERSION CONCERN.—
25	(A) Report on suspect items.—

1	(i) In General.—Not later than 45
2	days after the date of the enactment of
3	this Act, the Secretary of Commerce, in
4	consultation with the Director of National
5	Intelligence, the Secretary of State, and
6	the Secretary of the Treasury, shall submit
7	to the appropriate congressional commit-
8	tees a report containing a list of items
9	that, if the items were transshipped, reex-
10	ported, or diverted to Iran, could con-
11	tribute to—
12	(I) Iran obtaining nuclear, bio-
13	logical, or chemical weapons, defense
14	technologies, components for impro-
15	vised explosive devices, or other de-
16	fense items; or
17	(II) support by Iran for acts of
18	international terrorism.
19	(ii) Considerations for List.—In
20	developing the list required under clause
21	(i), the Secretary of Commerce shall con-
22	sider—
23	(I) the items subject to licensing
24	requirements under section 742.8 of
25	title 15, Code of Federal Regulations

1	(or any corresponding similar regula-			
2	tion or ruling) and other existing li-			
3	censing requirements; and			
4	(II) the items added to the list of			
5	items for which a license is required			
6	for exportation to North Korea by the			
7	final rule of the Bureau of Export Ad-			
8	ministration of the Department of			
9	Commerce issued on June 19, 2000			
10	(65 Fed. Reg. 38148; relating to ex-			
11	port restrictions on North Korea).			
12	(B) LICENSING REQUIREMENT.—Not later			
13	than 180 days after the date of the enactment			
14	of this Act, the Secretary of Commerce shall re-			
15	quire a license to export an item on the list re-			
16	quired under subparagraph (A)(i) to a country			
17	designated as a Destination of Diversion Con-			
18	cern.			
19	(3) Waiver.—The President may waive the im-			
20	position of the licensing requirement under para-			
21	graph (2)(B) with respect to a country designated as			
22	a Destination of Diversion Concern if the Presi-			
23	dent—			
24	(A) determines that such a waiver is in the			
25	national interest of the United States; and			

1	(B) submits to the appropriate congres-						
2	sional committees a report describing the rea-						
3	sons for the determination.						
4	(c) Termination of Designation.—The designa-						
5	tion of a country as a Destination of Possible Diversion						
6	Concern or a Destination of Diversion Concern shall ter-						
7	minate on the date on which the Secretary of Commerce						
8	determines, based on the criteria described in subpara-						
9	graphs (A) through (D) of subsection (a)(1), and certifies						
10	to Congress and the President that the country has ade-						
11	quately strengthened the export control systems of the						
12	country to prevent transshipment, reexportation, and di-						
13	version of items through the country to end-users whose						
14	identities cannot be verified or to entities owned or con-						
15	trolled by the Government of Iran.						
16	(d) Authorization of Appropriations.—There						
17	are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be						
18	necessary to carry out this section.						
19	SEC. 304. REPORT ON EXPANDING DIVERSION CONCERN						
20	SYSTEM TO COUNTRIES OTHER THAN IRAN.						
21	Not later than 180 days after the date of the enact-						
22	ment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence, in						
23	consultation with the Secretary of Commerce, the Sec-						

24 retary of State, and the Secretary of the Treasury, shall

1	submit to the appropriate congressional committees a re-
2	port that—
3	(1) identifies any country that the Director de-
4	termines may be transshipping, reexporting, or di-
5	verting items subject to the provisions of the Export
6	Administration Regulations to another country if
7	such other country—
8	(A) is seeking to obtain nuclear, biological,
9	or chemical weapons, defense technologies, com-
10	ponents for improvised explosive devices, or
11	other defense items; or
12	(B) provides support for acts of inter-
13	national terrorism; and
14	(2) assesses the feasability and advisability of
15	expanding the system established under section 303
16	for designating countries as Destinations of Possible
17	Diversion Concern and Destinations of Diversion
18	Concern to include countries identified under para-
19	graph (1).
20	TITLE IV—EFFECTIVE DATE;
21	SUNSET
22	SEC. 401. EFFECTIVE DATE; SUNSET.
23	(a) Effective Date.—Except as provided in sec-
24	tions 202 and 303(b)(2)(A), the provisions of, and amend-

1	ments made by, this Act shall take effect on the date that					
2	is 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Ac					
3	(b) Sunset.—The provisions of this Act shall term					
4	nate on the date that is 30 days after the date on which					
5	the President certifies to Congress that—					
6	(1) the Government of Iran has ceased pro-					
7	viding support for acts of international terrorism					
8	and no longer satisfies the requirements for designa-					
9	tion as a state sponsor of terrorism under—					
10	(A) section $6(j)(1)(A)$ of the Export Ad-					
11	ministration Act of 1979 (50 U.S.C. App.					
12	2405(j)(1)(A)) (or any successor thereto);					
13	(B) section 40(d) of the Arms Export Con-					
14	trol Act (22 U.S.C. 2780(d)); or					
15	(C) section 620A(a) of the Foreign Assist-					
16	ance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2371(a)); and					
17	(2) Iran has ceased the pursuit, acquisition					
18	and development of nuclear, biological, and chemical					
19	weapons and ballistic missiles and ballistic missile					
20	launch technology.					

Calendar No. 939

110TH CONGRESS S. 3445

[Report No. 110-443]

A BILL

To impose sanctions with respect to Iran, to provide for the divestment of assets in Iran by State and local governments and other entities, to identify locations of concern with respect to transshipment, reexportation, or diversion of certain sensitive items to Iran, and for other purposes.

August 1, 2008

Read twice and placed on the calendar